## **Description**

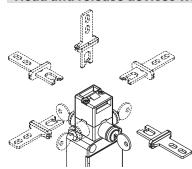


These switches are used on machines where the hazardous conditions remain for a while, even after the machines have been switched off, for example because of mechanical inertia of pulleys, saw disks, parts under pressure or with high temperatures. Thus, the switches can also be used if individual guards are only to be opened under certain conditions.

The versions with solenoid actuated NC contacts are considered interlocks with locking in accordance with ISO 14119, and the product's label is marked with the symbol shown.



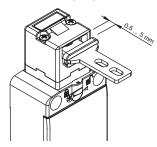
#### Head and release devices with variable orientation



The head can be quickly turned to each of the four sides of the switch by unfastening the two fastening screws.

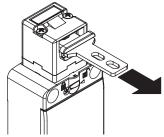
The auxiliary key release device can be rotated in 90° steps as well. This enables the switch to assume 32 different configurations.

### Wide-ranging actuator travel



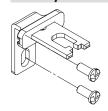
The actuation head of this switch features a wide range of travel. In this way the guard can oscillate along the direction of insertion (4.5 mm) without causing unwanted machine shutdowns. This wide range of travel is available in all actuators in order to ensure maximum device reliability.

## Holding force of the locked actuator



The robust interlocking system guarantees a maximum actuator holding force of  $F_{1max} = 1100 \text{ N}$ .

#### Safety screws for actuators



As required by EN ISO 14119, the actuator must be fixed immovably to the guard frame. Pan head safety screws with one-way fitting are available for this purpose. With this screw type, the actuators cannot be removed or tampered by using common tools. See accessories on page 359.

## **Protection degree IP67**

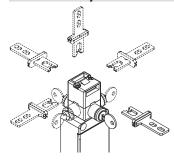
These devices are designed to be used in the toughest environmental conditions and they pass the IP67 immersion test acc. to EN 60529. They can therefore be used in all environments where maximum protection degree of the housing is required.

## **Contact block**



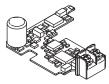
Contact blocks with captive screws, finger protection, twin bridge contacts and double interruption for higher contact reliability. Versions with gold-plated contacts available. Available in multiple variants with actuation by actuator or by solenoid.

### Turnable key release with lock



The auxiliary key release device is used to allow the maintenance or the entry into the machinery to authorized personnel only. Turning the key corresponds to actuating the solenoid: the actuator is released. The device can be turned, thereby enabling installation of the safety switch in the machine while the release device remains accessible on the outside of the quard.

# Circuit board for monitoring the current consumption of the solenoid



This technical solution resolves the problems that may derive from unstable power supply (machine distance from main transformers, voltage variation between night/day hours), allowing also a low solenoid power consumption and consequently enlarging the working temperature range of the switch.

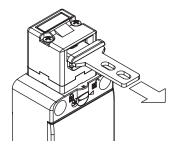


#### Laser engraving



All FS series switches are permanently marked with a special laser system. As a result, the marking remains legible even under extreme operating conditions. Thanks to this system that does not use labels, the loss of plate data is prevented and a greater resistance of the marking is achieved over time.

#### Holding force of the unlocked actuator



The inside of each switch features a device which holds the actuator in its closed position. Ideal for all those applications where several guards are unlocked simultaneously, but only one is actually opened. The device keeps all the unlocked guards in their position with a retaining force of approx. 30 N, stopping any vibrations or gusts of wind from opening them.

## Two operating principles

**D**or **E** 

The safety switches with solenoid offer two different operating principles for the actuator locking:

Operating principle D: locked actuator with de-energised solenoid. The actuator is released by applying the power supply to the solenoid.

Operating principle E: locked actuator with energised solenoid. The actuator is released by switching off the power supply to the solenoid. This version should only be used under certain conditions, since a power failure at the system will result in the immediate opening of the guard.

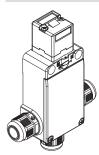
#### Sealable auxiliary release device



Switches with locked actuator with deactivated solenoid (function principle D) are equipped with an auxiliary release device for the solenoid to simplify installation of the switch and to facilitate entry into the danger zone in the event of a power failure. The auxiliary

release device acts on the switch exactly as if the solenoid was energised. As a result, it also actuates the electrical contacts. Can only be actuated with a couple of tools, this ensures adequate resistance to tampering. If required it can be sealed by means of the hole provided.

#### Cable outlets



The switch is provided with three cable entries in different directions. This allows its application in series connections or in narrow places.

## **Gold-plated contacts**



The contact blocks of these devices can be supplied gold-plated upon request. Ideal for applications with low voltages or currents; it ensures increased contact reliability. Available in two thicknesses (1 or 2.5 microns), it adapts perfectly to the various fields of application, ensuring a long endurance over time.

## **LED** signalling lights

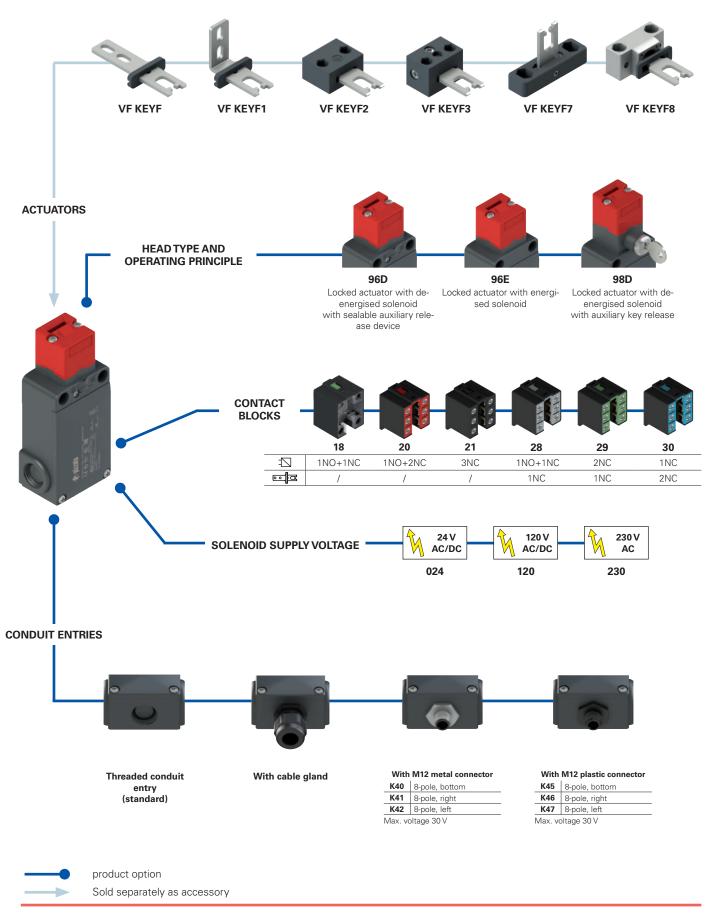


Thanks to the three threaded cable entries, the high luminosity LED signalling lights of the VF SL series can be installed on the switch.

The LED signalling lights can be be easily installed by screwing them on one of the conduit entries not used for electric cables. They can be used for many different purposes: for example, to signal, from a distance, whether the switch has been actuated; whether the guard has closed correctly; or whether the guard is locked or unlocked.

For more information see chapter Accessories, page 359.

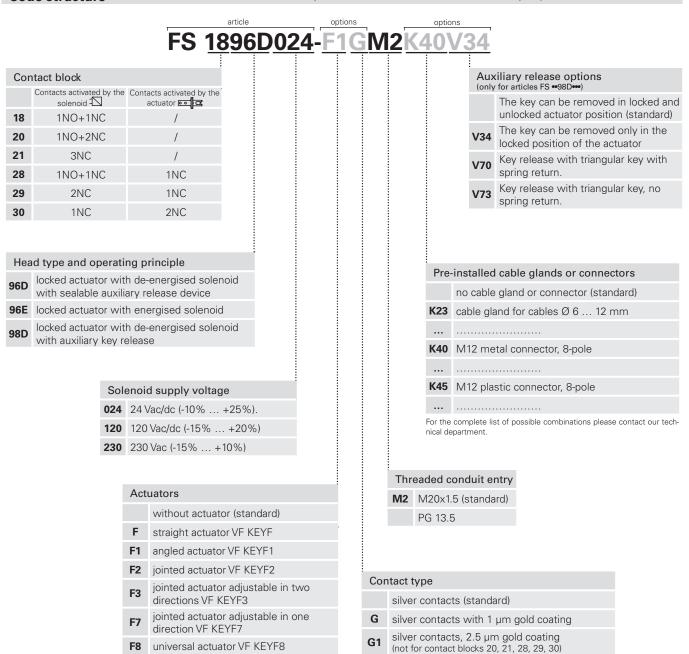
## Selection diagram





#### Code structure

Attention! The feasibility of a code number does not mean the effective availability of a product. Please contact our sales office.





#### Main features

- Technopolymer housing, three conduit entries
- Protection degree IP67
- 6 contact blocks available
- 6 stainless steel actuators available
- 3 solenoid supply voltages available
- Versions with auxiliary release device or turnable lock
- Operation with energised or de-energised solenoid

#### Quality marks:



IMQ approval: CA02.03808

UL approval: E131787

CCC approval: 2020970305002281

EAC approval: RU C-IT.YT03.B.00035/19

#### **Technical data**

#### Housing

Housing made of glass fibre reinforced technopolymer, self-extinguishing, shock-proof and with double insulation:

Three knock-out threaded conduit entries:
Protection degree:

M20x1.5 (standard) IP67 acc. to EN 60529 with cable gland of equal or higher protection degree

4,000,000 for NC contacts

846 N (head 96), 692 N (head 98)

#### General data

SIL (SIL CL) up to:

Performance Level (PL) up to:

Interlock with mechanical lock, coded:
Coding level:

SIL 3 acc. to EN 62061

PL e acc. to EN ISO 13849-1

type 2 acc. to EN ISO 14119

low acc. to EN ISO 14119

Safety parameters:  $B_{100}$ :

Max. holding force F<sub>7h</sub>:

Mission time: 20 years
Ambient temperature: -25°C ... +60°C
Max. actuation frequency: 600 operating cycles/hour

Mechanical endurance: 800,000 operating cycles Max. actuation speed: 0.5 m/s
Min. actuation speed: 1 mm/s

Maximum force before breakage F<sub>1max</sub>: 1100 N (head 96), 900 N (head 98) acc. to EN ISO 14119

acc. to EN ISO 14119
Maximum clearance of locked actuator: 4.5 mm

Released actuator extraction force: 30 N
Tightening torques for installation: see page 379

Wire cross-sections and wire stripping lengths: see page 399

#### Solenoid

Duty cycle: 100% ED (continuous operation) Solenoid inrush power: 20 VA 0.1 s (24 V)

18 VA 0,1 s (120 V) 18 VA 0,1 s (230 V)

Solenoid consumption: 4 VA Average overall consumption: 10 VA

Solenoid protection 24 V: fuse 500 mA, delayed Solenoid protection 120 V: fuse 315 mA, delayed Solenoid protection 230 V: fuse 160 mA, delayed

**Notes:** Calculate the power supply using the average overall consumption. Please consider the solenoid inrush power in order to avoid intervention of overload-protection in case of electronic power supply.

#### In compliance with standards:

IEC 60947-5-1, IEC 60947-1, IEC 60204-1, EN ISO 14119, EN ISO 12100, IEC 60529, IEC 61000-6-2, IEC 61000-6-3, EN IEC 63000, BG-GS-ET-15, UL 508, CSA 22.2 N. 14. **Approvals:** 

EN 60947-5-1, UL 508, CSA 22.2 N. 14, GB/T14048.5

#### Compliance with the requirements of:

Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU.

Positive contact opening in conformity with standards:

IEC 60947-5-1, EN 60947-5-1.

## f find expressly indicated in this chapter, for correct installation and utilization of all articles see the instructions given on pages 377 to 392.

#### **Electrical data Utilization category** Thermal current (I\_,): Rated insulation voltage (U,): Alternating current: AC15 (50÷60 Hz) 500 Vac 600 Vdc U (V) 250 400 500 $400\,Vac\ 500\,Vdc$ (contact blocks 20, 21, 28, 29, 30) $6\,\,kV$ without Rated impulse withstand voltage (U<sub>imp</sub>): (A) 6 4 4 kV (contact blocks 20, 21, 28, 29, 30) 1000 A acc. to EN 60947-5-1 type aM fuse 10 A 500 V Direct current: DC13 Conditional short circuit current: Protection against short circuits: Pollution degree: U (V) 24 125 250 [ (A) 0.55 0.3 Alternating current: AC15 (50÷60 Hz) with M12 con-nector, 8-pole Thermal current $(I_{th})$ : $U_{e}(V)$ 24 2 A [ (A) 30 Vac 36 Vdc Rated insulation voltage (U<sub>i</sub>): Direct current: DC13 Protection against short circuits: type gG fuse 2 A 500 V U (V) 24 Pollution degree: 2 I<sub>e</sub> (A)



## Features approved by IMQ

Rated insulation voltage (Ui):

500 Vac 400 Vac (for contact blocks 20, 21, 28, 29, 30)

Conventional free air thermal current

(I<sub>th</sub>): Protection against short circuits:

Protection against short circuits:
Rated impulse withstand voltage (U<sub>imp</sub>): 6 kV
4 kV (for contact blocks 20, 21, 28, 29, 30) IP67

Protection degree of the housing: MV terminals (screw terminals)

Pollution degree:

Utilization category: Operating voltage (U<sub>e</sub>): Operating current (I<sub>e</sub>): AC15 400 Vac (50 Hz)

3 A

Forms of the contact element: Zb, Y+Y+X, Y+Y+Y, Y+X+X Positive opening contacts on contact blocks 18, 20, 21, 28, 29, 30

In compliance with standards: EN 60947-1, EN 60947-5-1, fundamental requirements of the Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU.

Please contact our technical department for the list of approved products.

## Features approved by UL

Electrical Ratings: Q300 pilot duty (69 VA, 125-250 V dc)

A600 pilot duty (720 VA, 120-600 V ac)

Environmental Ratings: Types 1, 4X, 12, 13

Use 60 or 75  $^{\circ}\text{C}$  copper (Cu) conductor and wire size range 12, 14 AWG, stranded or solid. The terminal tightening torque of 7.1 lb in (0.8 Nm).

Please contact our technical department for the list of approved products.

## Wiring diagram for M12 connectors

Contact block 18 1NO+1NC	Contact block 20 1NO+2NC	Contact block 21 3NC	Contact block 28 1NO+2NC	Contact block 29 3NC	Contact block 30 3NC
2 3 6 5 6	2 3 6 6	2 3 6 6	2 3 6 6	2 3 6 6 8	2 3 4 5 6
M12 connector, 8-pole	M12 connector, 8-pole	M12 connector, 8-pole	M12 connector, 8-pole	M12 connector, 8-pole	M12 connector, 8-pole

Contacts	Pin no.										
A1-A2	1-2										
NC 🗔	3-4	NC 🗐	3-4	NC 🗖	3-4	NC 🗐	3-4	NC 🗖	3-4	NC 🗐	3-4
NO 🔼	5-6	NC 🗐	5-6	NC 🗖	5-6	NC 🕶 🚾	5-6	NC 🗐	5-6	NC 🕶 🗷	5-6
		NO I	7-8	NC =	7-8	ZE ON	7-8	NC 🗐	7-8	NC 🗐	7-8

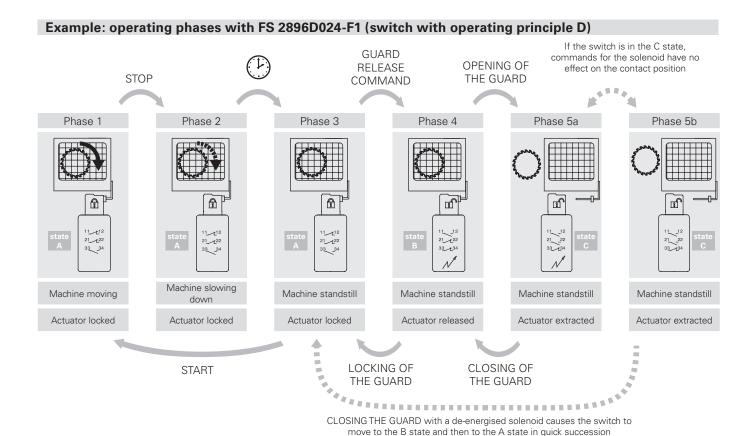
## Operating principle

The operating principle of these safety switches allows three different operating states:

- state A: with inserted and locked actuator
- state B: with inserted but not locked actuator
- state C: with extracted actuator

All or some of these states can be monitored by means of electrical contacts with positive opening by selecting the appropriate contact blocks. In detail, contact blocks that have electric contacts marked with the symbol of the solenoid ( $\square$ ) are switched in the transition between the state A and state B, while the electric contacts marked with the symbol of the actuator ( $\square$ 3) are switched between state B and state C. It is also possible to choose between two operating principles for the actuator locking:

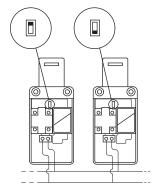
- **Operating principle D**: locked actuator with de-energised solenoid. The actuator is released by applying the power supply to the solenoid (see example of the operating phases).
- **Operating principle E**: locked actuator with energised solenoid. The actuator is released by switching off the power supply to the solenoid. This version should only be used under certain conditions, since a power failure at the system will result in the immediate opening of the guard.



#### Installation of two or more switches connected to the same power supply

#### 24 V AC/DC versions only

- This operation is intended to reduce the effects of the combined solenoid inrush currents on the power supply and should only be executed if necessary and with great care.
- Switch off the power supply.
- Open the switch cover.
- Loosen the two screws that secure the black plastic protective cover of the solenoid to the switch body and remove the plastic protective cover.
- Use a pin to set the selector switch so that each switch has a different combination (see figure at the side). If more than two switches are installed, repeat the combinations for any next set of two switches.
- Reposition the black plastic protective cover and tighten the two screws with a torque of 0.8 Nm.





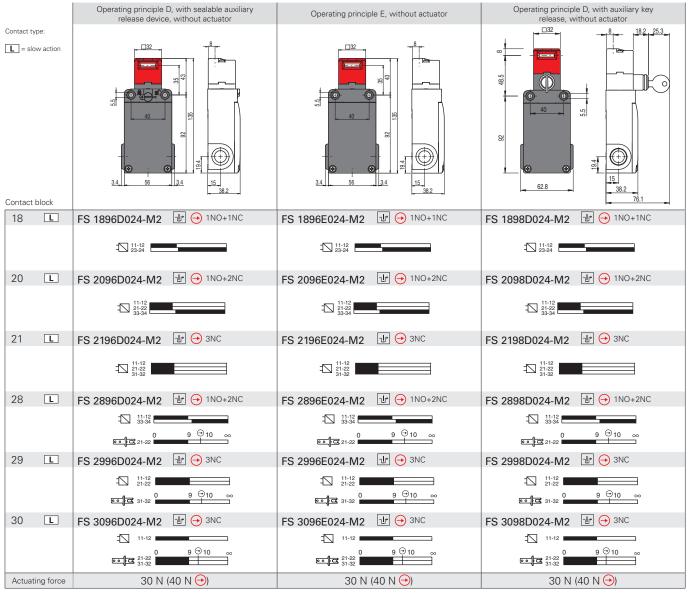
## Contact positions related to switch states

		Operating principle D locked actuator with de-energised solenoid			Operating principle E locked actuator with energised solenoid		
Operating state		state A	state B	state C	state A	state B	state C
Actuator			Inserted and released	Extracted		Inserted and released	Extracted
Solenoid		De-energised	Energised	-	Energised	De-energised	-
FS 18•••••  1NO+1NC controlled by the solenoid		11 — 12 23 — 24	11 12 23 24	11 <u> </u>	11 12 23 - 24	11 <u> </u>	11 <u>12</u> 12
FS 20 •••••  1NO+2NC controlled by the solenoid		11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34
FS 21 •••••  3NC controlled by the solenoid		11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32
FS 28 •••••  1NO+1NC controlled by the solenoid  1NC controlled by the actuator		11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34	11 — 12 21 — 22 33 — 34
FS 29•••••  2NC controlled by the solenoid  1NC controlled by the actuator		11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32
2NC controlled	-\ -\ -\ -\ -\	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 12 21 22 31 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32	11 12 21 1 22 31 1 32	11 — 12 21 — 22 31 — 32

## Limits of use

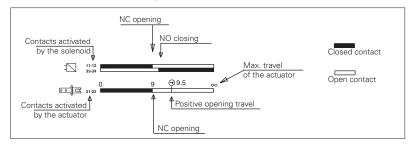
Do not use where dust and dirt may penetrate in any way into the head and deposit there. Especially not where powder, shavings, concrete or chemicals are sprayed. Adhere to the EN ISO 14119 requirements regarding low level of coding for interlocks. Do not use in environments with presence of explosive or flammable gas. In these cases, use ATEX products (see dedicated Pizzato catalogue).

Attention! These switches alone are not suitable for applications where operators may physically enter the dangerous area, because an eventual closing of the door behind them could restart the machine operation. In these cases the actuator entry locking device VF KB1 shown on page 146 must be used.



Legend: With positive opening according to EN 60947-5-1, 1 interlock with lock monitoring acc. to EN ISO 14119

### How to read travel diagrams



#### IMPORTANT:

The state of the NC contact refers to the switch with inserted actuator and locked lock. In safety applications, actuate the switch at least up to the positive opening travel shown in the travel diagrams with symbol  $\bigcirc$ . Actuate the switch at least with the positive opening force, reported in brackets below each article, next to the actuating force value.

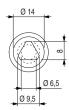
## Auxiliary key release with triangular key



Articles with the V70 and V73 option have an auxiliary key release with a triangular key that meets DIN 22417 standards.

This type of lock can be used in situations where the switch must only be unlocked using the corresponding triangular key, a tool which is not usually available.

There are two versions of the triangular key release: with a spring return (option V70) and without a spring return (option V73).



All values in the drawings are in mm

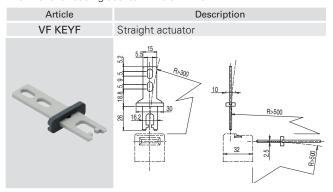
Accessories See page 359

→ The 2D and 3D files are available at www.pizzato.com

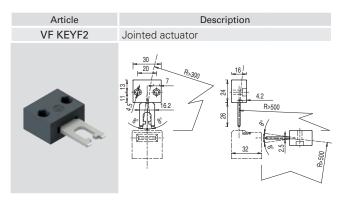


### Stainless steel actuators

IMPORTANT: These actuators can be used only with items of the FD, FP, FL, FC, and FS series (e.g. FS 1896D024-M2). Low level of coding acc. to EN ISO 14119.



Article	Description
VF KEYF1	Angled actuator
	30 R-300 144 17 5.5x6 R-500 82 42



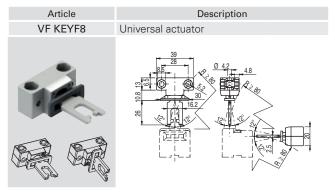
The actuator can flex in four directions for applications where the guard alignment is not precise.

Article VF KEYF3	Description Actuator adjustable in two directions
	30 20 7 162 25 8 25 25 25 25 25 26 26 27

Actuator adjustable in two directions for guards with reduced dimensions.

Article	Description
VF KEYF7	Actuator adjustable in one direction
	52 86 9 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102 102

Actuator adjustable in one direction for guards with reduced dimensions.



Jointed actuator for guards with poor alignment, adjustable in two dimensions for small doors; can be mounted in various positions. The metal fixing body has two pairs of bore holes; it is provided for rotating the working plane of the actuator by 90°.

Article

VF KLA371

#### Accessories

Article	Description			
VF KB1	Lock out device			
	Padlockable lock out device to prevent the actuator entry and the accidental closing of the door behind operators while they are in the danger area. Hole diameter for padlocks: 9 mm.			

All values in the drawings are in mm



→ The 2D and 3D files are available at www.pizzato.com

Description

Set of two locking keys Extra copy of the locking keys to be purchased if further keys are needed (standard supply: 2 units). The keys of all switches have the same code. Other codes on request.

Accessories See page 359